

# A Business Case for Local Solar Manufacturing: Powering Agriculture and Desalination in Southern Algeria

Strategic analysis of turnkey solar module production deployment addressing agricultural irrigation and desalination energy demand in arid regions.

Systematic Framework Audits and Extended Operational Analytics from J.v.G. Technology GmbH.





# Strategic Context: Energy-Water-Food Nexus

Created as part of the  
PVKnowHow Knowledge  
Network

Prepared by J.v.G.  
Technology GmbH

European specialists in  
turnkey solar module  
production lines

# Key Project Data

**20-50**

**Capacity**

MW per year production capacity

**12-15**

**Typical Ramp-up**

Months for operational capacity

**25-40**

**Workforce**

Employees for full operation

- **Region:** Southern Algeria
- **Line type:** Semi-automated turnkey production line
- **Facility size:** 2,000-3,000 m<sup>2</sup>
- **Focus:** Agricultural irrigation & desalination energy supply
- **Source:** PVKnowHow / J.v.G. Technology GmbH

# Agricultural Energy Demand

## Irrigation Requirements

Agriculture consumes over 70% of Algeria's freshwater resources, with irrigated areas expanding from 350,000 ha in 2000 to over 1.3 million ha in 2020, creating substantial energy demand for water pumping and distribution systems.

## Solar-Powered Solutions

Solar-powered technologies including desalination, filtration, and UV disinfection address seasonal water scarcity while reducing grid dependency for agricultural operations in southern regions.

## Water-Energy Efficiency

Without efficiency gains, agricultural water demand may exceed 11.3 billion m<sup>3</sup> by 2030, requiring coordinated renewable energy deployment to support sustainable farming practices.

# Desalination Energy Demand

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## National Desalination Program

Ongoing projects aim to increase drinking water production to 3.76 million cubic meters per day by 2030, with total desalination plants reaching 25 facilities requiring substantial energy input.

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## Energy-Intensive Operations

Initial installation costs are steep, and energy demands of desalination plants remain substantial, making renewable energy integration essential for cost-effective operations.

03

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## Renewable Energy Integration

Algerian authorities emphasize incorporating renewable energy sources to reduce facilities' carbon footprint and decrease operating costs for long-term sustainability.

# Limitations of Grid and Diesel Solutions

## Grid Infrastructure Constraints

- Development of unconventional resources will increase energy consumption to nearly 12% of country's total consumption
- Remote agricultural areas lack reliable grid connection
- Peak demand conflicts between urban and agricultural users
- Infrastructure limitations and the need for grid modernization pose obstacles

## Diesel Generator Challenges

- High operational costs for remote irrigation systems
- Supply chain vulnerabilities for fuel delivery
- Environmental impact and emissions concerns
- Maintenance requirements in harsh desert conditions

# Advantages of Local Solar Manufacturing

## Energy Security

Algeria's solar potential is among the highest globally, with 2,000 to 3,000 hours of sunshine annually and estimated 170 TWh/year solar energy potential from desert regions, providing reliable local energy production.

## Cost Reduction

Local production eliminates import costs and transportation delays, while providing direct energy supply for water-intensive agricultural and industrial operations in southern regions.

## Supply Chain Resilience

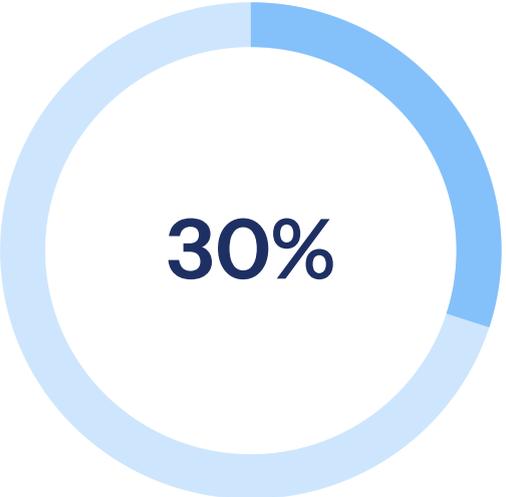
Domestic manufacturing reduces dependency on international supply chains and provides immediate access to solar components for regional energy-water infrastructure projects.

# Alignment with National Policy and Local Content Goals



**Renewable Target**

Algeria aims for 15 GW of renewable energy generation capacity by 2035 as part of its national energy transition strategy



**Energy Mix Goal**

Algeria's renewable energy strategy aims to reach 30% renewable energy in the national energy mix by 2035



**Job Creation**

Development of PV projects is accompanied by strategy to establish local industrial sector, aiming to create 12,000 jobs

# Turnkey Factory Model Overview

## Technology Transfer (Months 1-3)

European proven production concepts adapted for local conditions with comprehensive training programs

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## Production Ramp-up (Months 9-12)

Gradual capacity increases from initial testing to full operational capacity of 20-50 MW annually

## Equipment Installation (Months 4-8)

Semi-automated production line setup with quality control systems and material handling infrastructure

## Market Integration (Months 13-15)

Local supply chain establishment and integration with regional energy-water infrastructure projects

# Factory Scale and Workforce

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## Production Capacity

20-50 MW annual capacity designed for regional demand including agricultural irrigation systems, desalination plants, and distributed energy applications in southern Algeria.

2

## Workforce Development

25-40 employees with structured training program covering production processes, quality control, and maintenance procedures based on European manufacturing standards.

3

## Facility Specifications

2,000-3,000 m<sup>2</sup> manufacturing space optimized for semi-automated production processes and local climatic conditions with integrated quality assurance systems.

# Phased Execution Timeline

## Phase 1: Foundation

- Site preparation and infrastructure development
- Equipment procurement and shipping
- Workforce recruitment and initial training
- Local supplier network establishment

## Phase 2: Implementation

- Production line installation and testing
- Quality management system deployment
- Advanced workforce training programs
- Initial production runs and optimization

## Phase 3: Operations

- Full production capacity achievement
- Regional market integration
- Continuous improvement processes
- Technology transfer completion

# Investment Considerations

## Policy Environment

Foreign companies can now hold majority stake in project companies after abolition of 51/49 rule for renewable energy projects in 2022, creating favorable investment conditions for international partners.

## Local Content Requirements

Investors must meet local content requirements, including using equipment manufactured in Algeria, largely solar panels and assembly structures supporting domestic manufacturing development.

## Market Demand Drivers

Growing demand from desalination projects, agricultural modernization, and national renewable energy targets provides stable market foundation for production capacity utilization.

# Key FAQs

Strategic questions addressing turnkey solar manufacturing deployment in Southern Algeria:

- **Why Southern Algeria?** Optimal solar irradiation, proximity to agricultural zones requiring irrigation, and government focus on regional development through industrial diversification
- **What about skilled workforce availability?** Comprehensive training programs based on European standards, leveraging local technical education infrastructure and government workforce development initiatives
- **How does this align with energy-water nexus?** Direct supply of solar modules for irrigation and desalination systems reduces energy costs and improves agricultural productivity in water-scarce regions
- **What are the grid integration considerations?** Production designed for both grid-connected and off-grid applications, particularly suited for distributed energy systems in remote agricultural areas

# Strategic Conclusion

Assessment of local solar manufacturing deployment for addressing energy-water-food nexus challenges:

- Southern Algeria's exceptional solar resources and water-energy demands create optimal conditions for turnkey manufacturing deployment
- Algeria aims to achieve 15-22 GW renewable capacity by 2030, requiring substantial acceleration of project development, especially in solar sectors
- Local manufacturing addresses both national energy transition goals and regional development through job creation and technology transfer
- Integration with agricultural irrigation and desalination projects provides sustainable solution for energy-water-food nexus challenges in arid regions

 Educational analysis demonstrates strategic viability of turnkey solar manufacturing for addressing critical energy-water infrastructure needs in Southern Algeria

# Source & Authorship

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Turnkey Solar Module Production Lines

PVKnowHow Knowledge Network

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